

Maturity model

Maturity is a measurement of the ability of an [organization](#) for [continuous improvement](#) in a particular discipline (as defined in [O-ISM3](#)).^[1] The higher the maturity, the higher will be the chances that incidents or errors will lead to improvements either in the quality or in the use of the resources of the discipline as implemented by the organization.

Most **maturity models** assess qualitatively people/culture, processes/structures, and objects/technology.^[2]

Two approaches for implementing maturity models exist. With a top-down approach, such as proposed by Becker et al.,^[3] a fixed number of maturity stages or levels is specified first and further corroborated with characteristics (typically in form of specific assessment items) that support the initial assumptions about how maturity evolves. When using a bottom-up approach, such as suggested by Lahrmann et al.,^[4] distinct characteristics or assessment items are determined first and clustered in a second step into maturity levels to induce a more general view of the different steps of maturity evolution. Topics that are covered in maturity models include:

Analytics

- [Big data maturity model](#)

Cybersecurity

- [Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification](#) – **CMMC**

Enterprise architecture

- [Enterprise Architecture Capability Maturity Model \(ACMM\)](#)
- [Dynamic Architecture Maturity Matrix \(DyAMM\)](#)

Human resources

- [People Capability Maturity Model \(PCMM\)](#) (for the management of human assets)

Information security management

O-ISM3^[5]

Information technology

- [CERT Resilience Management Model](#) (capability model focused on operational resilience, i.e., cybersecurity, service continuity, IT operations)
- [Capability Maturity Model](#) (CMM, focusing on software development)
- [Open Source Maturity Model](#) (for open-source software development)
- [Service Integration Maturity Model](#) (for SOA)
- [Modeling Maturity Levels](#) (for software specification)
- [Enterprise IT Performance Maturity Model](#)
- [Software Product Management Maturity Model](#)
- [The SharePoint Maturity Model](#)
- [Application Performance Management Maturity Model](#)
- [Darwin Information Typing Architecture \(DITA\) Maturity Model](#)
- [DevOps maturity model](#)
- [ITIL Maturity Model](#)
- [Richardson Maturity Model](#) (for HTTP-based web services)
- [ISO/IEC 15504](#) (for Process Maturity)

- [MD3M^{\[6\]}](#) (for Master Data Management)

Knowledge management

- [The Knowledge Navigator Model^{\[7\]} ^{\[8\]}](#)

Learning

- [E-learning Maturity Model \(EMM\)](#)
- [Mobile Learning Maturity Model](#)
- [Learning & Performance Maturity Model](#)

Marketing

- [Organic Search Marketing Maturity Model](#)

PLM

- [PLM Maturity Model](#)

Project management

- [OPM3](#) (Organisational Project Management Maturity Model)
- [P3M3](#) (Portfolio, Programme and Project Management Maturity Model)

Quality management

- [Quality Management Maturity Grid \(QMMG\)](#)
- [Quality Maturity Model](#)
- [4.0 Quality Maturity Assessment Model](#)

Security assurance

- [Building Security In Maturity Model \(BSIMM\)](#)
- [CYBERSECURITY CAPABILITY MATURITY MODEL \(C2M2\)](#)
- [Systems Security Engineering Capability Maturity Model \(SSE-CMM\)](#)

- [Software Assurance Maturity Model \(openSAMM\)](#)

Sustainability

- [Sustainability maturity models](#)

The maturity model concept has been applied to [city planning](#) practices, such as planning to encourage participation in [cycling](#).^[9]

Testing

- [Testing Maturity Model \(TMM\)](#) (assessing test processes in an organization)
- [Test Maturity Model integration \(TMMi\)](#)

Universal

- [Capability Maturity Model Integration \(CMMI\)](#)
- [Performance Management Maturity Model](#)
- [Virtual Team Maturity Model \(VTMM\)](#)

References

1. Aceituno, Vicente. "[Open Information Security Maturity Model](http://www.ism3.com/node/39)" (<http://www.ism3.com/node/39>) . Retrieved 12 February 2017.
2. Mettler T (2011). "[Maturity assessment models: a design science research approach](https://www.alexandria.unisg.ch/214426/1/IJSSS0301-0205%2520METTLER.pdf)" (<https://www.alexandria.unisg.ch/214426/1/IJSSS0301-0205%2520METTLER.pdf>) (PDF). *International Journal of Society Systems Science*. **3** (1/2): 213–222. doi:10.1504/IJSSS.2011.038934 (<https://doi.org/10.1504%2FIJSSS.2011.038934>) .
3. Becker, J., Knackstedt, R., Pöppelbuß, J. (2009) [Developing Maturity Models for IT Management – A Procedure Model and its Application](https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs12599-009-0044-5) (<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs12599-009-0044-5>) . *Business & Information Systems Engineering* 1(3), 213-222
4. Lahrmann G, Marx F, Mettler T, Winter R, Wortmann F (2011). "[Inductive Design of Maturity Models: Applying the Rasch Algorithm for Design Science Research](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-642-20633-7_13)". *Service-Oriented Perspectives in Design Science Research. Lecture Notes in Computer Science*. Vol. 6629. Springer. pp. 176–191. doi:10.1007/978-3-642-20633-7_13 (https://doi.org/10.1007%2F978-3-642-20633-7_13) . ISBN 978-3-642-20632-0.

5. Aceituno, Vicente. "Open Information Security Maturity Model" (<http://www.ism3.com/node/39>) . Retrieved 12 February 2017.
6. Spruit, Marco; Pietzka, Katharina (2015). "MD3M: The Master Data Management Maturity Model" (<https://www.researchgate.net/publication/280718292>) . Computers in Human Behavior. **51**: 1068–1076. doi:10.1016/j.chb.2014.09.030 (<https://doi.org/10.1016%2Fj.chb.2014.09.030>) . Retrieved 27 November 2018.
7. Hsieh, P. J., Lin, B., & Lin, C. (2009). The Construction and Application of Knowledge Navigator Model (KNM): An Evaluation of Knowledge Management Maturity. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 36(2), 4087-4100.
8. Serenko, A. Bontis, N., and Hull, E. (2016). *An Application of the Knowledge Management Maturity Model: The Case of Credit Unions*. (<http://www.aserenko.com/papers/SerenkoBontisHullCreditUnion.pdf>) *Knowledge Management Research & Practice* 14(3): 338-352.
9. McLeod, Sam; Babb, Courtney; Barlow, Steve (2020-05-01). "How to 'do' a bike plan: Collating best practices to synthesise a Maturity Model of planning for cycling" (<https://doi.org/10.1016%2Fj.trip.2020.100130>) . *Transportation Research Interdisciplinary Perspectives*. **5**: 100130. doi:10.1016/j.trip.2020.100130 (<https://doi.org/10.1016%2Fj.trip.2020.100130>) .

This [article](#) includes a list of related items that share the same name (or similar names).



If an [internal link](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Special:Whatlinkshere/Maturity_model&namespace=0) (https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Special:Whatlinkshere/Maturity_model&namespace=0) incorrectly led you here, you may wish to change the link to point directly to the intended article.

Retrieved from

["https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Maturity_model&oldid=1086714825)

[title=Maturity_model&oldid=1086714825"](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Maturity_model&oldid=1086714825)

Last edited 3 months ago by Richard001

WIKIPEDIA
